UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

VERDELL R. VOELTZ,

N11038 50th Street Downing, WI 54734

Plaintiff,

Case No. 21-cv-475

vs.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Registered Agent: 301 S. Bedford Street, Suite 1 Madison, WI 53703

Defendant.

COMPLAINT

The Plaintiff, Verdell R. Voeltz, by Hawks Quindel, S.C., for his complaint against the above-named Defendant, hereby states as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff is an adult resident of the State of Wisconsin and currently resides in Downing, Wisconsin.
- 2. Defendant, Life Insurance Company of North America, on information and belief is a corporation organized under the laws of Pennsylvania, licensed to do business in Wisconsin.
- 3. On information and belief, Defendant administers and insures a longterm disability insurance plan for Donaldson Company, Inc. ("the Plan"), an employee

welfare benefit plan subject to ERISA as amended, that has been in effect since at least January 1, 2017 and continues to the present time.

JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 4. As described more fully below, this is an action by a participant in an employee welfare benefit plan governed by ERISA to recover benefits due under the terms of the Plan pursuant to ERISA § 502(a)(1)(B).
- 5. Jurisdiction over this action is conferred upon this court because the claims herein arise under ERISA.
- 6. Venue is proper in the Western District of Wisconsin pursuant to ERISA § 502(e)(2) and 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), because a substantial part of the events and omissions giving rise to these claims occurred in this district and, because, in substantial part, the breaches asserted herein took place in this district.
- 7. Plaintiff's administrative remedies have been exhausted as a condition precedent to filing this action.

FACTS

- 8. Plaintiff is a former Plant Engineering Technician for Donaldson Company Inc.
- 9. During the course of Plaintiff's employment, he became eligible for certain employee benefits, including the long-term disability insurance ("LTDI") benefits provided by the Plan.
- 10. Plaintiff ceased working on or about April 6, 2017 due to chronic hip, back, and neck pain.

- Defendant approved Plaintiff's claim for LTDI benefits from October 4,
 until October 4, 2019.
 - 12. Plaintiff's LTDI benefit is worth approximately \$2,967.00 per month.
 - 13. Plaintiff has been awarded SSDI benefits.
- 14. The Social Security Administration determined that Plaintiff was disabled based on the same medical issues that constitute Plaintiff's claim for LTDI benefits.
- 15. After Plaintiff was awarded SSDI benefits, Defendant offset Plaintiff's LTDI benefit by \$2,221.00 per month, resulting in a net LTDI benefit of approximately \$746.00 per month.
- 16. Defendant was responsible for determining whether Plaintiff was eligible for LTDI benefits.
 - 17. Defendant was responsible for paying Plaintiff's LTDI benefits.
- 18. Defendant denied Plaintiff's LTDI benefits claim beyond October 4, 2019.
 - 19. Plaintiff timely appealed Defendants' denial of Plaintiff's benefits claim.
- 20. Plaintiff submitted complete medical documentation in support of his disability as part of the appeal.
 - 21. Plaintiff submitted all information requested by the Defendant.
 - 22. Defendant failed to consider the issues raised in Plaintiff's appeal.
- 23. Defendant ignored clear medical evidence of Plaintiff's medical conditions and disability.

- 24. Defendant did not perform a "full and fair review" of Plaintiff's claim.
- 25. Defendant failed to notify Plaintiff of the additional material necessary in order for Plaintiff to perfect Plaintiff's claim and an explanation of why that material was necessary.
- 26. Defendant failed to adequately explain why it rejected specific evidence in Plaintiff's file.
 - 27. Defendant failed to engage in a meaningful dialogue with Plaintiff.
- 28. Defendant failed to adequately explain its reasons for denying Plaintiff benefits.
 - 29. Defendant conducted a selective review of Plaintiff's medical records.
- 30. Defendant failed to adequately assess Plaintiff's employability before determining that Plaintiff is not sufficiently disabled to qualify for benefits.
- 31. At all times material to this complaint, Plaintiff has remained disabled as defined by the Plan.
- 32. At all times material to this case, the Plan has remained in full force and effect.
- 33. Defendant's denial of Plaintiff's claim LTDI benefits caused Plaintiff to suffer the loss of benefits and to incur expenses.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: DENIAL OF BENEFITS IN VIOLATION OF SECTION 502(a)(1)(B) OF ERISA

34. The preceding paragraphs are reincorporated by reference as though set forth here in full.

- 35. Plaintiff has been and remains disabled, as that term is defined by the Plan.
- 36. Pursuant to Firestone Tire & Rubber Co. v. Bruch, 489 U.S. 101, 115 (1989), the proper standard of review is de novo as the Plans have not granted the administrator discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits or to construe the Plan terms.
 - 37. Defendants wrongfully denied LTDI benefits due to Plaintiff.
- 38. Alternatively, if the arbitrary and capricious standard of review applies, then Defendants arbitrarily and capriciously denied Plaintiff benefits.
- 39. Defendants interpreted and applied the terms and conditions of the Plans in a manner that is inconsistent with the plain language contained therein.
- 40. Upon information and belief, Defendants inconsistently interpreted the terms and conditions of the Plans from one case to the next.
- 41. As both the payer of claims and the adjudicator of LTDI claim eligibility,

 Defendant has an inherent conflict of interest.
- 42. The Plan provides for the offsetting of Plaintiff's SSDI benefits against Plaintiff's LTDI benefits. As such, Defendant relied on Plaintiff's SSDI award in instances when it benefited Defendant but unreasonably ignored Plaintiff's SSDI disability determination in denying Plaintiff's claim for LTDI benefits.
- 43. Defendant's denial of Plaintiff's LTDI benefits was "downright unreasonable."

44. For these and other reasons, Defendant wrongfully denied Plaintiff's

claim for LTDI benefits and Plaintiff is entitled to said benefits pursuant to

§ 502(a)(1)(B) of ERISA.

WHEREFORE the Plaintiff, Verdell R. Voeltz, demands judgment from the

Defendant for the following:

A. Payment of all retroactive LTDI benefits owed to Plaintiff under the

terms and conditions of the Plans;

B. A declaration of Plaintiff's continued eligibility for all LTDI benefits

under the Plan;

C. Prejudgment interest;

D. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs related to the action; and

E. Such other and further relief that the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: July 28, 2021.

HAWKS QUINDEL, S.C.

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